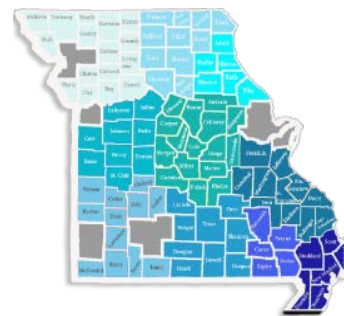


Missouri Balance of State Continuum of Care

FY 2018 New Agency and DV Bonus
Programs Training



Agenda

Introduction to the Continuum of Care Program (9:00 AM to 10:00 AM)

- Housing and Urban Development Continuum of Care Program
- Balance of State Overview and Governance
- HUD Policy and Program Priorities
- Project Component Overview
- Important Definitions

Introduction to E-SNAPS and Forms (10:00 AM to 11:00 AM)

- ESNAPS Resources
- Project Threshold Requirements
- Acquiring DUNS Number

Agenda Continued

Domestic Violence Bonus Funds (11:00 AM to 12:00 PM)

- Additional Threshold Requirements and Scoring Introduction
- Ranking Discussion

Lunch On Your Own (12:00 PM to 1:30 PM)

HUD/BoS Priorities and Scoring (1:30 PM to 4:00 PM)

MHDC Community Initiatives Programs

- Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program (Federal)
- **Collaborative Applicant Continuum of Care for Missouri Balance of State** (Federal)
- Missouri Housing Trust Fund (MHTF) (State)
- Missouri Housing Innovations Program (MoHIP) (State)
- Disaster Relief Program (State)
- Special Needs Component of LIHTC

Continuum of Care System

The Continuum of Care is recognized by The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) as a community plan to organize and deliver housing and services to meet the specific needs of people who are homeless as they move to stable housing and maximum self-sufficiency. It includes action steps to end homelessness and prevent a return to homelessness.

The Continuum of Care (CoC) Program

The Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act of 2009 (HEARTH Act) amended the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act

- Consolidated the three separate McKinney-Vento homeless assistance programs into a single grant program known as the Continuum of Care (CoC) Program
 - Supportive Housing program, Shelter Plus Care program, and Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation SRO programs

The Continuum of Care Program interim rule now governs the CoC program

The Continuum of Care (CoC) Program

Designed to assist individuals (including unaccompanied youth) and families experiencing homelessness and to provide the services needed to help such individuals move into transitional and permanent housing, with the goal of long-term stability

Designed to:

- Promote community-wide planning and strategic use of resources to address homelessness
- Improve coordination and integration with mainstream resources and other programs targeted to people experiencing homelessness
- Improve data collection and performance measurement
- Allow each community to tailor its program to the particular strengths and challenges within that community

Missouri Balance of State Continuum of Care

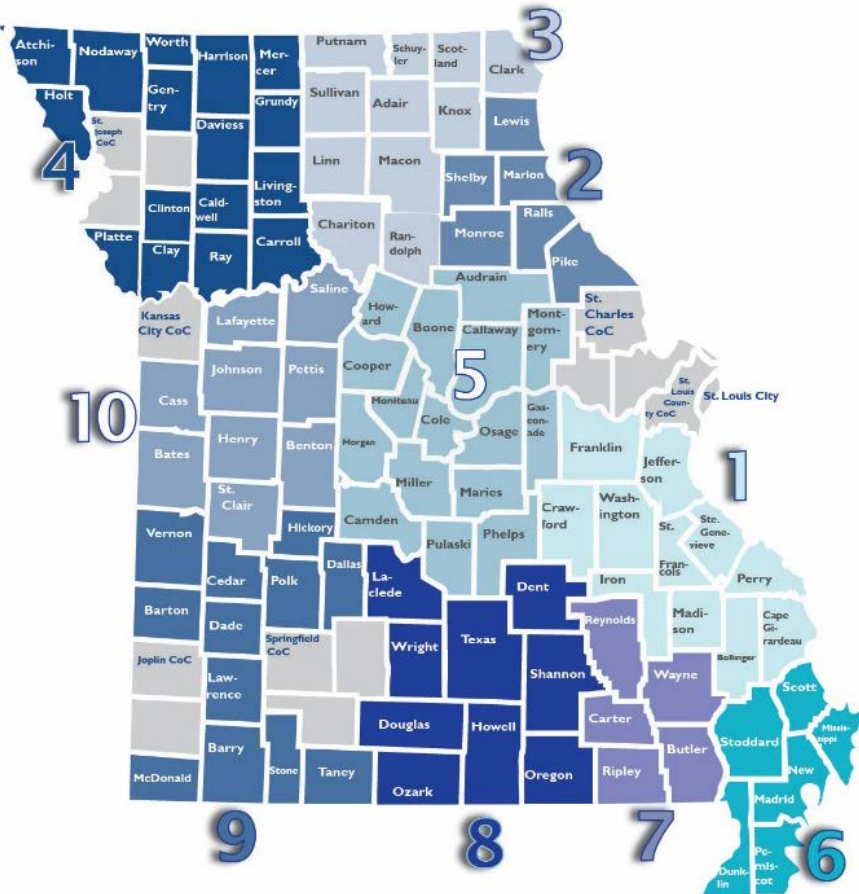


Exhibit 1: CoC Program Components and Costs and HUD's Legacy Homeless Programs

	CoC Program	SHP	S+C
Eligible Components	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permanent housing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Permanent supportive housing (PSH) ➢ Rapid re-housing (RRH) • Transitional housing • Supportive services only • HMIS • Prevention (limited to HPCs) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permanent housing (PSH only) • Transitional housing • Supportive services only • Innovative supportive housing • HMIS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permanent housing (PSH only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Tenant-based ➢ Sponsor-based ➢ Project-based ➢ SRO-based
Eligible Costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoC planning costs • UFA costs • Acquisition • Rehabilitation • New construction • Leasing • Rental assistance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tenant-based • Sponsor-based • Project-based ➢ Length <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short-term • Medium-term • Long-term • Operating • Supportive services • HMIS • Project administration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acquisition • Rehabilitation • New construction • Leasing • Operating • Supportive services • HMIS • Project administration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rental assistance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tenant-based • Sponsor-based • Project-based • SRO ➢ Length <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Long-term

Federal Strategic Plan to End Homelessness

An end to homelessness means that every community will have a comprehensive response in place that ensures homelessness is prevented whenever possible, or if it can't be prevented, it is a rare, brief, and non-recurring experience.

- Quickly identify and engage people at risk of and experiencing homelessness.
 - Intervene to prevent the loss of housing and divert people from entering the homelessness services system.
- When homelessness does occur, provide immediate access to shelter and crisis services, without barriers to entry, while permanent stable housing and appropriate supports are being secured, and quickly connect people to housing assistance and services—tailored to their unique needs and strengths—to help them achieve and maintain stable housing.
- Benchmarks and criteria benchmarks for ending homelessness for:
 - Veterans, Chronic, Youth, and Families

Purpose of the CoC and CoC Board

- Coordinate policies, strategies, and activities toward ending homelessness.
- Gather and analyze information.
- Implement strategic responses.
- Provide advice and input on the operations of homeless services.
- Measure project and system level CoC performance.
- Establish the process for applying, reviewing, and prioritizing project applications for funding in the annual HUD Homeless Assistance CoC Grants competition.



Membership of the CoC Board

- The Governance Structure of the Missouri Balance of State Continuum of Care was ratified in June, 2017
- Regions nominate and elect one board member from individuals that work and/or live within their specific region. If a region fails to elect a board member, the Board will appoint a Regional Board Member to the open seat.

Membership of the CoC Board, continued

- A maximum of 9 at-large board seats
- Shall be filled through CoC-wide nomination and election process in November to ensure fair representation from all sectors.
- A CoC member agency may only hold one seat on the Board.



Current Board Contact List

First Name	Last Name	Board Position	Agency	Region
Becky	Postras	Chair	Hillcrest	4
Steve	Hollis	Vice-Chair	Columbia/Boone County Department of Public Health and Human Services	5
Martha	Sander	Secretary	Council on Families In Crisis	9
Ann	Gosnell		Lexington House of Hope	10
Rhonda	Meyer		Compass Health Network	10
LeAndra	Bridgeman		NECAC	2
Sandy	Wilson		Institute for Community Alliances	ex-officio
John	Robertson		Great Circle	at-large
Jayme	Abbott		City of Jefferson City	at-large
Amy	Hopper		DAEOC	6
Anthony	Smith		FCC Behavioral Health	7
Liz	Hagar-Mace		Department of Mental Health	at-large
Kelsey	Louder		Rainbow House	5
Rachel	Francis		Synergy	at-large
Sara	Carmer		Catholic Charities of Southern Missouri	at-large
Bryan	Adcock		Ozark Action Inc.,	8
Melissa	Stickel		Cape Girardeau Community Caring Council	1
Katie	Burnham-Wilkins		Truman VA	at-large
Alyssa	LaVelle		MHDC	ex-officio
Open	Open		Region 3 Appointment	3
Open	Open		At-Large Appointment	at-large

Purpose of Collaborative Applicant

- Act on behalf of the CoC when applying to HUD for grants
- Responsibilities are defined by the CoC's board
- Submit consolidated application
- Apply for CoC planning funds on behalf of the CoC

Component Overview

CoC Program Interim Rule Eligible Project Types:

- Permanent Housing
 - Permanent Supportive Housing
 - Rapid Re-housing
- Transitional Housing
 - TH:RRH Joint Component
- Supportive Services Only
- HMIS (Available to the HMIS Lead Agency)
- CoC Planning (Available to the Collaborative Applicant)
- Homelessness Prevention (*HUD-designated high-performing communities only*)

CoC Program: Permanent Housing

Defined as community-based housing without a designated length of stay in which formerly homeless individuals and families live as independently as possible

- Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)
 - Permanent housing with indefinite leasing or rental assistance paired with services to help homeless people with disabilities achieve housing stability. The Legacy Shelter Plus Care and SRO programs are now under PSH
- Rapid Re-housing (RRH)
 - A model that emphasizes housing search and relocation services and short- and medium-term rental assistance to move homeless people as rapidly as possible into permanent housing



Transitional Housing

Transitional housing (TH) is designed to provide homeless individuals and families with the interim stability and support to successfully move to and maintain permanent housing. Transitional housing may be used to cover the costs of up to 24 months of housing with accompanying supportive services.

*Under the FY 2018 Notice of Funding Availability, a new type of Transitional Housing assistance is potentially available.

Transitional Housing and Rapid Rehousing Joint Component (referred to as Joint TH:RRH)

The Joint TH and PH-RRH component project combines two existing program components—transitional housing and permanent housing-rapid rehousing—in a single project to serve individuals and families experiencing homelessness. HUD will require the recipient to adopt a Housing First approach (see Section II.A.4 of the NOFA) across the entire project and program participants may only receive up to 24-months of total assistance. For more information about Joint TH and PH-RRH component projects, see Section V.C.3 of the NOFA for additional information.

NOTE: This is not Traditional Transitional Housing. It provides Crisis Beds if needed, and Rapid Rehousing if needed. Not one then the other. This must emphasize client choice, and can be an alternative to creating a new Emergency Shelter.

Supportive Services Only: Coordinated Entry

*For this NoFA, there is availability for Bonus funds for a new CE project.

SSO Projects for Coordinated Entry (SSO -CE) to implement policies, procedures, and practices that equip the CoC's coordinated entry to better meet the needs of survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking (e.g., to implement policies and procedures that are trauma-informed, client-centered or to better coordinate referrals between the CoC's coordinated entry and the victim service providers coordinated entry system where they are different).

Eligible Costs

Eligible Costs	Program Components				
	Permanent Housing		TH	SSO	HMIS
	PH: PSH	PH: RRH			
Acquisition	✓		✓	✓	
Rehabilitation	✓		✓	✓	
New construction	✓		✓		
Leasing	✓		✓	✓	
Rental assistance	✓	✓	✓		
Supportive services	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Operating costs	✓		✓		
HMIS	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Project Administration	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓



Important Definitions



Collaborative Applicant (MHDC/US)

Is defined to mean an eligible applicant that has been designated by the CoC to apply for a grant for CoC planning funds on behalf of the continuum.

Project Applicant (You!)

Means an eligible applicant in the Continuum of Care who is applying to provide the services.

Definition of Homelessness

- For CoC programs, emphasis on Category 1 and Category 4
- Human Trafficking falls into Category 4

Definition of Chronic Homelessness

- Is homeless or lives in a place not meant for human habitation, safe haven, or emergency shelter
- Has been homeless and living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, safe haven, or emergency shelter continuously for at least one year or on at least four separate occasions in the last three years
- Can be diagnosed with one or more of the following conditions: substance use disorder, serious mental illness, developmental disability (as defined in section 102 of the developmental disabilities assistance bill of rights act of 2000), post-traumatic stress disorder, cognitive impairments resulting from brain injury, or chronic physical illness or disability
- An individual who has been residing in an institutional care facility, including jail, substance abuse or mental health treatment facility, hospital, or similar facility, for fewer than 90 days and met all other criteria above
- A family with an adult head of household who meets all of the criteria whose family composition may have fluctuated while the head of household has been homeless



Housing First (Required of All new CoC Grants)

Housing First is a homeless assistance approach that prioritizes providing permanent housing to people experiencing homelessness, thus ending their homelessness and serving as a platform from which they can pursue personal goals and improve their quality of life. This approach is guided by the belief that people need basic necessities like food and a place to live before attending to anything less critical, such as getting a job, budgeting properly, or attending to substance use issues. Additionally, Housing First is based on the theory that client choice is valuable in housing selection and supportive service participation, and that exercising that choice is likely to make a client more successful in remaining housed and improving their life.



Coordinated Entry(CE)

A centralized or coordinated process designed to coordinate program participant intake, assessment, and provision of referrals. A CE system covers the entire geographic area, is easily accessed by individuals and families seeking housing services, is well advertised, and includes comprehensive and standardized assessment tool(s).



Coordinated Entry(CE)

- Projects receiving CoC Program Funding will be required to integrate within the CE System to fill openings (you will not exclusively serve clients who access your services)
- CE Committee defines CoC Priorities
- Active within region with case conferencing
- Identified as an access point as defined by the CE Committee

HUD and CoC Priorities, and Scoring

NoFA Priorities

1. Ending homelessness for all persons
2. Creating a systemic response to homelessness
3. Strategically allocating and using resources
4. Use a Housing First Approach

Rank & Review

The process by which all project applications within the CoC are objectively reviewed and ranked related to the goals of ending homelessness, meeting the federal strategic benchmarks, enhancing the overall performance of the entire CoC, and prior performance history.

Rank and Review Members:

- Nick Foster, VAC Columbia Missouri (Returning Member)
- Sherrie Wohlgemuth, Community Resource Center(Returning Member)
- Jaime Abbott, City of Jefferson City (New Member)
- Staci Harrison, Sedalia/Pettis County United Way (New Member)
- Robyn Hudson, Tri-County Mental Health (New Member)

Tiered Ranking Process

- Tier One : Accepted if meeting HUD Quality Threshold – 94% of Annual Renewal Demand
- Tier Two: Based on Collaborative Application Scoring – The remainder of the amount plus and Bonus funds (6%)

Reallocation

- Reallocation is a process that CoCs use to shift funds in whole or part from existing eligible renewal projects to create one or more new projects without decreasing the CoC's ARD.
- Per the CoC NoFA, CoCs should use the reallocation process to create new projects that improve their overall performance and better respond to their needs.
- CoCs that do not have a policy, and use that policy are not eligible for Bonus Funds

Amounts of Funds Available

CoC Number and Name - MO-606 - Missouri Balance of State CoC

<i>Annual Renewal Demand</i>	<i>\$4,978,996</i>
<i>Annual Renewal Demand at 94%</i>	<i>\$4,680,256</i>
<i>CoC Planning</i>	<i>\$168,530</i>
<i>Bonus Funding</i>	<i>\$337,061</i>
<i>DV Bonus</i>	<i>\$561,768</i>

Minimum Quality Threshold for CoC, and HUD

Your project must meet the minimum threshold requirements for the CoC AND for HUD

- For HUD- <https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/FY-2018-CoC-Program-Competition-NOFA.pdf> (Page 33)
- For CoC- Section 1 of the New Application Checklist, or Section 1 of DV Bonus Checklist

ESNAPS Instructions and Additional Resources

Competition Information page: <https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/5719/fy-2018-coc-program-nofa/>

ESNAPS Instructions: <https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/e-snaps/guides/coc-program-competition-resources/#coc-program-competition--project-applicants>

National Alliance to End Homelessness Information on best practices: <https://endhomelessness.org/ending-homelessness/solutions/>

DUNS Number

In order to meet the minimum HUD Threshold, You MUST have an active DUNS Number!

How-to:

<https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/DUNS-Number-and-SAM-Instructions.pdf>

Questions?

oContact:

Balance of State CoC: Alyssa LaVelle, alavelle@mhdc.com

FY 2018 Domestic Violence Program Bonus Funds



Overview

- With this Notice of Funding Availability, an additional \$50 million has been made available across the nation.
- This process will be both separate and combined into the general NoFA process.
- DV Bonus Projects will be scored with the other new and renewal projects, and if accepted will be pulled out of the project ranking. If they are not awarded as DV Bonus, there is still a chance for these projects to be awarded through the general competition.

Eligible Types

- (a) Permanent Housing-Rapid re-housing projects dedicated to serving survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are defined as homeless at 24 CFR 578.3;
- (b) Joint TH and PH-RRH component projects as defined in Section III.C.3.m of the NOFA dedicated to serving survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that are defined as homeless at 24 CFR 578.3; or
- (c) SSO Projects for Coordinated Entry (SSO-CE) to implement policies, procedures, and practices that equip the CoC's coordinated entry to better meet the needs of survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking (e.g., to implement policies and procedures that are trauma-informed, client-centered or to better coordinate referrals between the CoC's coordinated entry and the victim service providers coordinated entry system where they are different).

How the CoC Will Score and Prioritize

The CoC is allowed to put forward up to one of each type as DV Bonus.

Scoring will be done utilizing the need for the project, the capacity of the agency, and adherence to best and emerging practice principles provided by Federal Partners including the National Alliance to End Homelessness, and the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness.

All DV Bonus Projects will be scored and ranked against each other. The top scoring project will then be entered into the tiered ranking process in Tier 1. The CoC will then have the ability to take up to 2 additional projects (in total, the CoC can put forward 1 of each eligible component type) and add them after other new and renewal programs in order to fill any remainder of funds that is allowed in the CoC Priority Listing. More information on the general tiered process is provided in the CoC Priority Training

How HUD will Score

There are two ways that the project can be awarded

- 1) Once the competition has ended, HUD will look at all designated DV Bonus Programs. They will be scored as defined in the NoFA. If awarded, these programs will be pulled out of the priority listing.
- 2) If the program is not awarded through the DV Bonus, it will participate in the general tiered process, and can be awarded through general new and reallocated funds.

DV Bonus Scoring by HUD

For Rapid Re-housing and Joint TH and PH-RRH component projects: (a) CoC Score. Up to 50 points in direct proportion to the score received on the CoC Application. (b) Need for the Project. Up to 25 points based on the extent the CoC is able to quantify the need for the project in its portfolio, the extent of the need, and how the project will fill that gap. (c) Quality of the Project Applicant. Up to 25 points based on the previous performance of the applicant in serving survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and their ability to house survivors and meet safety outcomes.

For SSO Projects for Coordinated Entry: (a) CoC Score. Up to 50 points in direct proportion to the score received on the CoC Application. (b) Need for the Project. Up to 50 points based on the extent to which the CoC is able to demonstrate the need for a coordinated entry system that better meets the needs of survivors of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and how the project will fill this need.